



The Solari Report

February , 2019

Special Solari Report:

Unpacking the Facts on Vaccines

with

Dr. Daphné von Boch



Catherine Austin Fitts



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Catherine Austin Fitts: Ladies and gentlemen, welcome to The Solari Report. I am sitting in the most beautiful home and looking over the gardens of Basel, Switzerland. I am joined by Daphne von Boch, and we are here to talk about vaccines because you have impressed one of my favorite allies in the world, Thomas Meyer. As of today, I am referring to him as like living with Yoda.

You've done several pieces for *The Present Age* which he is very impressed with. We met the other day at his salon, and I confess to you that I have struggled mightily to understand what the goals of vaccines are. I cannot tell you how much time we have spent on The Solari Report investigating vaccines – watching documentaries and reading books – and I find it to be one of the most baffling subjects on the planet.

It's a pleasure to have some illumination from a real expert. Let's start by introducing yourself, your background, and how you became interested in vaccines.

Dr. Daphne von Boch: I am a medical doctor and a psychologist, and I am an anthroposophical doctor. I worked for a long time in two anthroposophical clinics for chronic diseases.



Fitts: That was in Canada or Europe?

von Boch: I was born in Canada. At eight, we moved to Argentina. At age 20 I found anthroposophy in Argentina, and it changed my life. I started studying psychology, and at the end of my psychology degree, I met anthroposophical medicine. I decided that this was a revolution, and I had to be at it.

I decided to start studying anthroposophical medicine. I came to Germany to learn German for it, and I started at an anthroposophical medical university in Germany.

Fitts: So, you speak English, French, German, and Spanish. Wow!

von Boch: This person who taught me anthroposophical medicine the first three weeks that I studied it in Argentina was Dr. Otto Wolff. With time, he became my teacher. I accompanied him to many conferences, and he is the doctor who wrote the standard work for doctors to learn anthroposophical medicine. I inherited all of his books, and I edited them and gave them to be published. There are eight books. Three are for doctors, and five are for people who are not doctors.

I then worked in these two clinics in Germany for 15 years. These last three years I was the chief doctor of the clinic.

About ten years ago, I started giving conferences from what I had learned from Dr. Otto Wolff. At the moment, I am giving conference regularly in the Far East and in the East – the Ukraine, Russia, and Serbia – and I have started in the United States, Canada, and Cuba.



Fitts: You were just in New York.

von Boch: And I will be going back in February.

Fitts: Will you let me know so that I can post it?

von Boch: Yes. It is very important to look at modern medicine and what it does, and what is really justified and what is not justified. Where is the real strength of our modern medicine, and where is it not strong?

When we speak about vaccination, it is always very delicate because modern medicine says that it is one of the biggest successes of modern medicine. Chemical medicine – antibiotics and antipyretics and all of these other anti's – are made in part of chemicals as are, also the vaccinations.

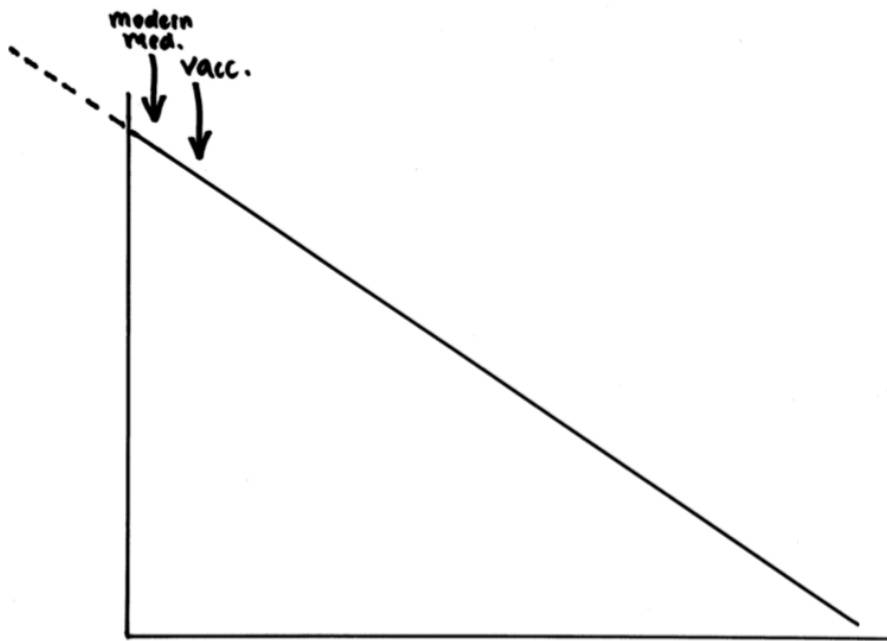
Modern medicine says that the overcoming of all the infectious diseases, which were epidemic until the 1900's, is thanks to the antibiotics, the anti-therapy, and especially thanks to the vaccination. But if you look at the statistics and the charts of the statistics, you see that this is not true.

Fitts: Are you talking about vaccines or antibiotics or both?

von Boch: Infectious disease. For instance, if you take tuberculosis, I am going to show you a chart. If you see a chart like this one, and you see here at the top the moment —————



— where the chemical of modern medicine started, and a little later came the vaccines, and you see this graph – which is the quantity of people who were sick or the quantities of death from the disease – and you see that the chart goes like this, the further you come in years, the less diseases. You think, “Wow! This is wonderful!”

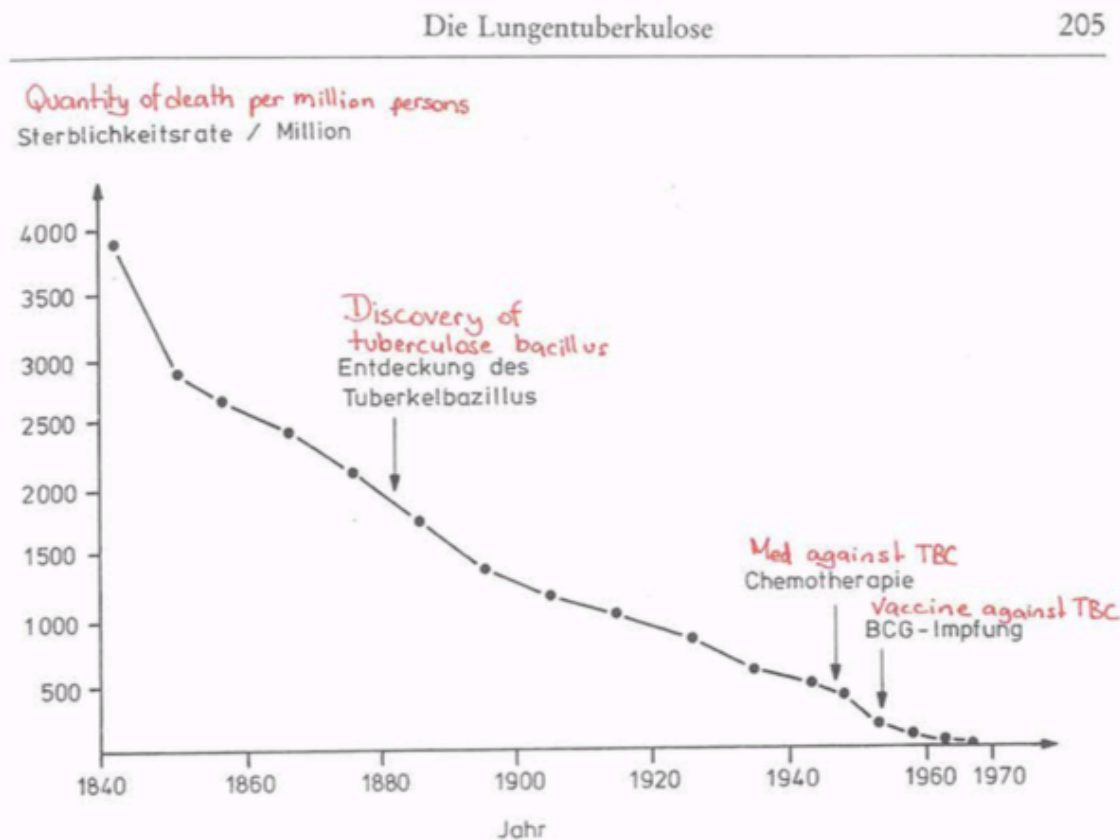


Fitts: Except that it is also the same chart as for modern sanitation systems.

von Boch: But if you look like this, you see that already the infectious diseases were decreasing *before* they started with modern medicine, with antibiotics and vaccines.



We have to put this picture in this report. For instance, if you take tuberculosis, these are the quantities of deaths in England and Wales in the year 1840 down to the year 1970. If you really look at it, and maybe I can explain it in a way that one can understand it through listening. 4,000 people per million people in England and Wales died of tuberculosis in the year 1840. If you see, 100 years later in 1940, only 500 people died of tuberculosis. It's just only 10% of what it was. That's all. There are already 3,500 people less, who are not dying of tuberculosis anymore compared to 1840. Now, we would be really proud if that were thanks to our modern medicine, but it's not.



Yearly rate of death of lungtuberculose in England and Wales
Abb. 2: Jährliche Todesrate an Lungentuberkulose in England und Wales (nach Laaser, 1987). Aus Schaefer, Schipperges, Wagner: Präventive Medizin. Heidelberg 1987.



Fitts: The majority of the drop came before the modern medicine.

von Boch: The modern medicine came 5 years later, in 1945. It was all without the modern medicine. Ninety-percent of the deadliness, of the malignancy of the disease was already gone from itself. But if you take the diagram as of 1945, if you hide everything until 1945, and you start with 1945, you see the curve going downwards and think, “It’s thanks to modern medicine”.

If you don’t hide everything until 1945, and you start with 1840, then you see that the introduction of modern medicine, it was only a little better.

Fitts: So, there you have tremendous improvement in sanitation systems and water systems and nutrition and all sorts of other things going on.

von Boch: You especially see the biggest jump from 4,000 to 3,000 deaths per year, was done in ten years, between 1840 and 1850.

Fitts: Do we know what caused it?

von Boch: In the 1810’s -1820’s came the Industrial Revolution. People died of hunger in Europe. It’s incredible, and we cannot even imagine it. The Industrial Revolution took the job away from the people. It started with weaving. People weaved for their lives, and they lost it. A machine weaves much quicker, and people really hungered.



We started with the machines, and we had no social net to help people. It was the hunger which you see. In the 1840's the state started helping people; they started to feed them, and it helped tuberculosis decrease. Of course, hunger makes you weak – not only your body, but your whole immune system. And then you do get infected, but the infection is only secondary to an immune weakness.

Fitts: When was the practice of washing hands introduced? Do you know?

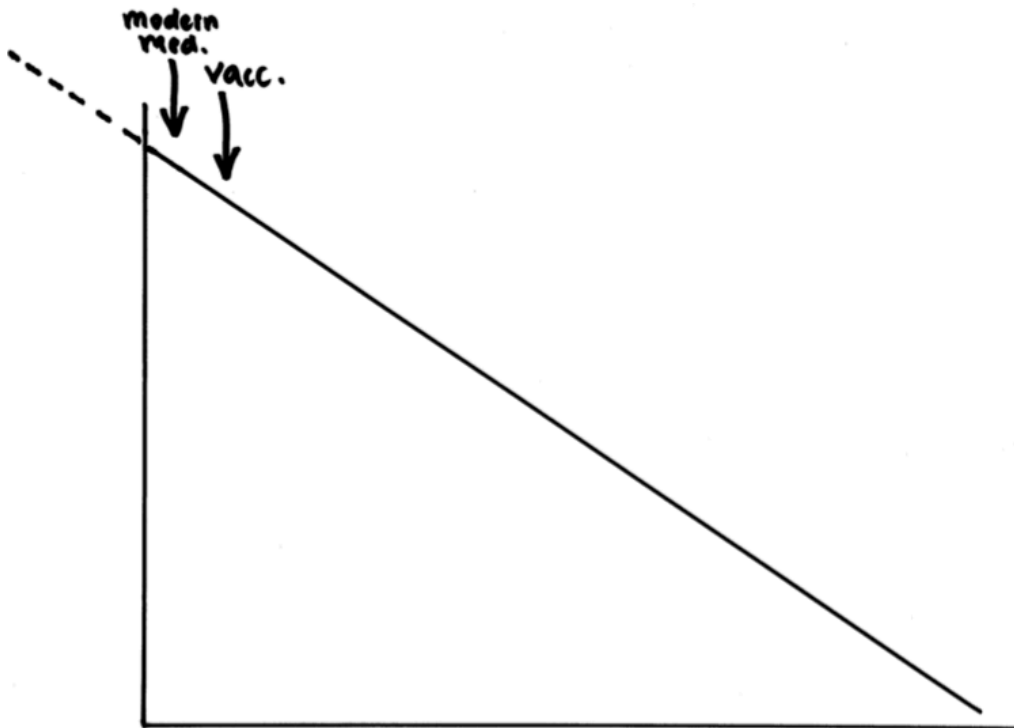
von Boch: That was a little later. You see, for instance around 1850 – 1860 we discovered that bacteria existed at all, and the tuberculosis bacteria itself was discovered 1882. But you see, already in 1880, there were only 2,000 people dying instead of 4,000. So already half of the people were not dying anymore, and we didn't even know of the existence of bacteria of tuberculosis.

The bacteria of tuberculosis; it was around 1882 when they were found. There was not any chemical against bacteria at the time because we didn't know back then that it even existed. The washing of the hands started getting important and hygiene started to become important a little before discovering bacteria, but became ever more important after discovering them.

So, you see it's multi-factorial why the infectious diseases decreased, but one of the most important factors is stopping hunger and not modern medicine. If you look at our statistics, they are done like this. This is a lie. It's not any more scientific. What is a lie?



When you know the truth and say the contrary. The people who show this image, they have to know the truth, but only show the part of truth which gives you the impression, thanks modern medicine we have gotten infectious diseases under control.



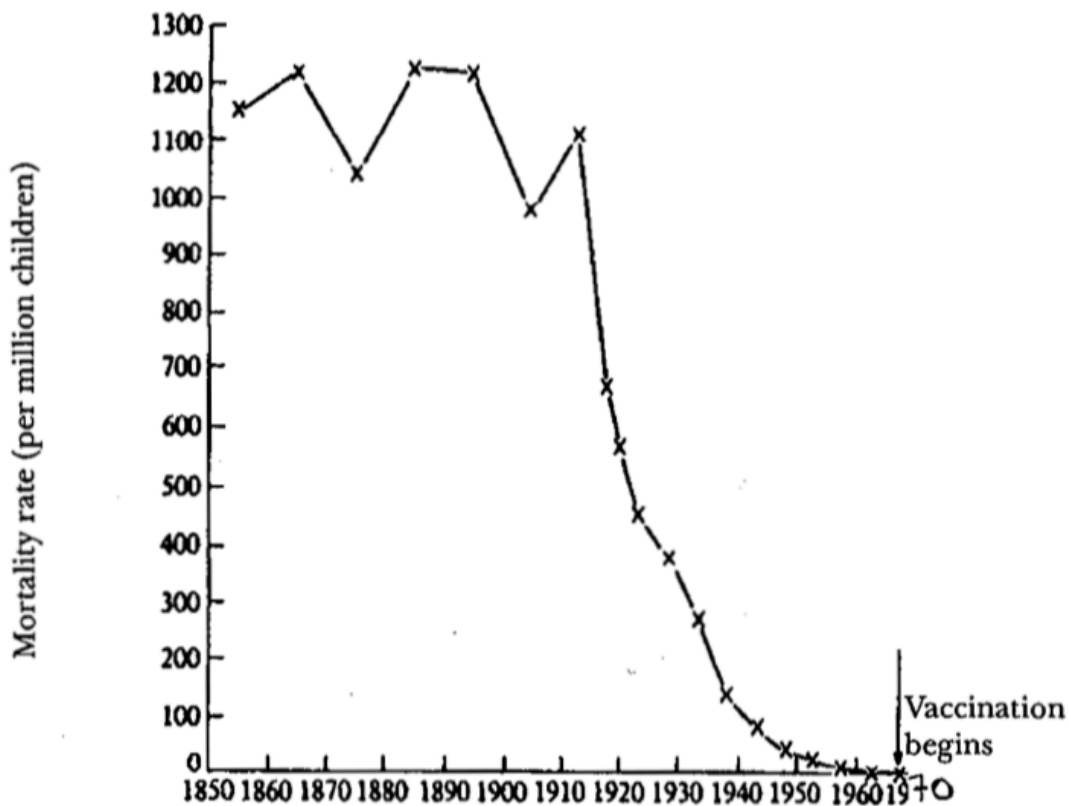
Here you can see that it is ‘thanks to modern medicine’ that tuberculosis went down and decreased further. It’s not true because you can see it’s a huge difference with how much it decreased thanks to other reasons, especially no hunger anymore.

It is the same with the children’s diseases.



Fitts: If I were to show you the profits by investors during the same period, what I would show you is something that looked like this; “X marks the spot.” As the tuberculosis is coming down, the profits to the investors of the pharmaceutical companies would be skyrocketing.

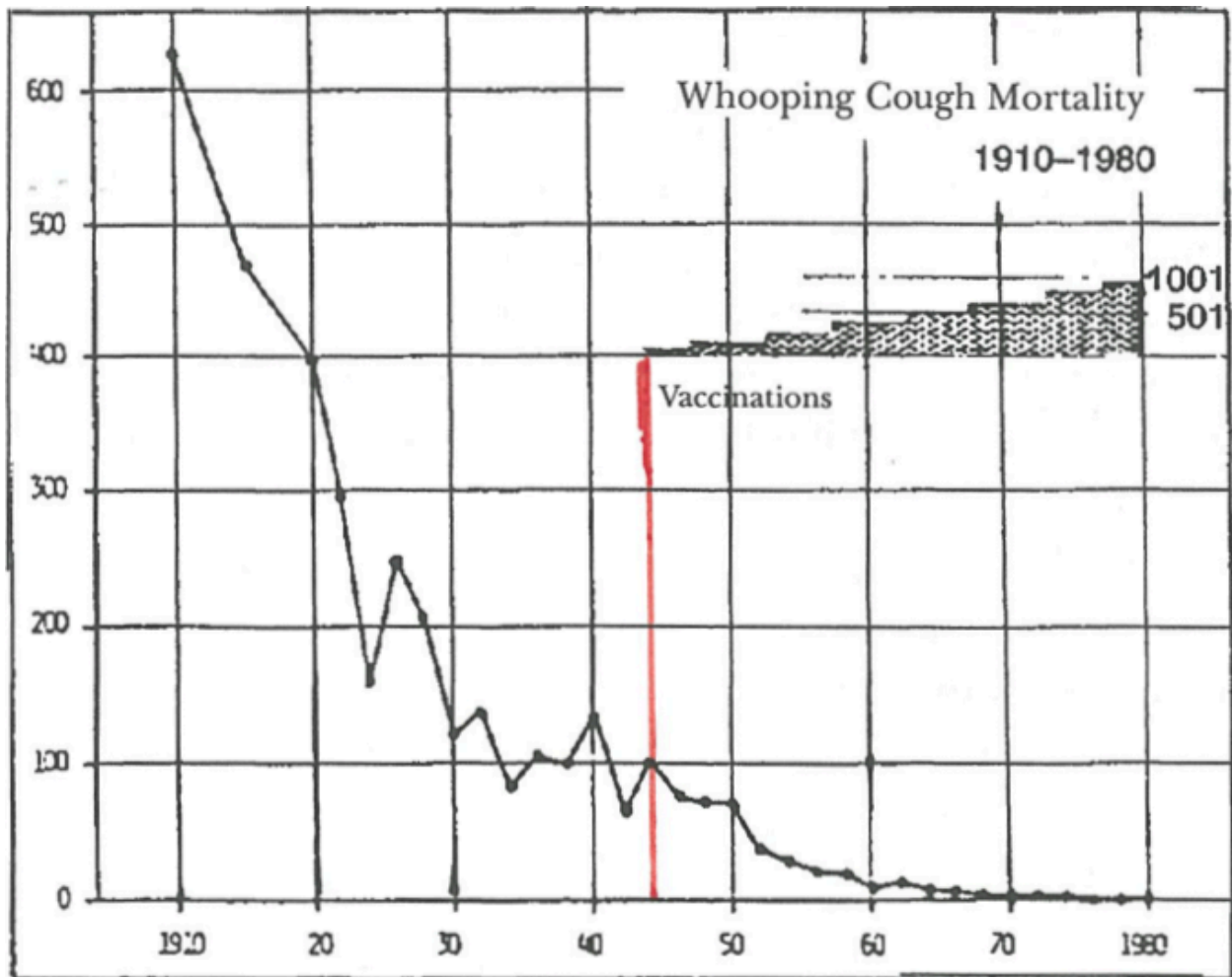
von Boch: I understand. Tuberculosis is not the only disease, but most of the infectious diseases stopped with time because there was less hunger, more hygiene – the washing of the hands, like you mentioned but especially less hunger - and you can see the same with the children’s diseases with measles. You can see how many children died of measles. In 1860, there was a whole bunch.





Fitts: Is this in the UK or Germany?

von Boch: This is in England and Wales. You can see here that in 1960 it was almost zero. Then in 1970 it started that through and through every child had to be vaccinated, and the whole population would be vaccinated. 10 years *after* the time where the children had stopped dying of measles.





It is the same story with the whooping cough. You see in 1910 a lot of people died of the whooping cough. Now these are Switzerland's statistics. The whooping cough was very, very bad there in 1910, and the vaccinations started in 1945 where the whooping cough is almost not a problem anymore. All this modern medicine started after the diseases where not so dangerous anymore or not so common anymore.

Fitts: It was almost eradicated before they introduced the vaccine.

von Boch: Exactly. So, this makes a big question with the vaccinations.

Fitts: One of the great lies – and it is amazing how effective the lie is – is that vaccines have been a success story, and that they have eradicated the disease. It's just not true.

von Boch: Exactly. That is the essence. It is not true that there is a decrease in infectious diseases because of modern medicine.

Fitts: It is before the modern medicine that they decreased.

von Boch: Right. It was already before that they almost disappeared. This is true for most infectious diseases, not only for tuberculosis, but also for pneumonia, diphtheria, etc. This is all in the book of Dr. Otto Wolff (Husemann/Wolff, *The Anthroposophic Approach to Medicine*, Vol. III, Mercury Press, Spring Valley, NY). Other diseases like whooping cough or the children's diseases lost their dangerousness, their deadliness, but they continued to exist.



They had just become harmless when children were well fed. As vaccinations came and were used extensively for the entire population then it did start making some diseases disappear. There are really two diseases which left because of the vaccine. One is the smallpox disease, and the other one is the polio.

The smallpox was gotten rid of with the vaccine, but you have to know that the vaccine was extremely dangerous. It gave the children encephalitis, an inflammation of the brain. In the smallpox disease itself it was not so common that the children got encephalitis as with the vaccine. There were a whole bunch of homes for brain-damaged children who were filled with these children who had the side effects of the vaccine. It was a dangerous vaccine, but it eradicated the smallpox. There isn't smallpox anymore, but at a very high price, at a higher price than the small pox disease itself. The vaccine was more harmful than the disease.

Fitts: Smallpox didn't cause a lot of deaths, did it?

von Boch: It did not. It did cause some deaths, in the poor people who were hungry. They were the ones who were affected from it the most. Food would have been a better therapy than vaccine, and a safer one.

Fitts: So, they really died of lowered immune systems, not smallpox.

von Boch: Exactly. Smallpox was a secondary cause of death. Hunger, which makes immune weakness, that was the primary cause of death.



Fitts: Was the vaccine more dangerous than the disease?

von Boch: The vaccine was more dangerous than the disease. This is why it is actually not very logical and rational to vaccinate with a vaccine which more dangerous than the disease, but smallpox is now gone, so it's not a discussion anymore.

Polio is the other disease. In Germany, there was a polio epidemic in the 1950's. There were two vaccines. There was one, which was an injection, and there was one, which was given orally. They started with the injection, and it didn't help at all. Then they tried with the oral, and that really helped to stop the polio. The oral vaccination is an imitation of the natural infection. With the natural infection, children play in the dust, and there are some few bacteria of polio. You breathe and eat them with the dust, and your immune system gets notice of it and strengthens itself against the polio in it. When it finds it again, maybe in big quantities, you still do not get sick because your body knows the bacteria and it kills it.

The oral vaccine is really an imitation of the natural way, and that really stopped the polio. There is almost no polio anywhere in the world now. There is still a bit of polio, and there is no smallpox at all anymore, but it is the illusion that the same way that vaccines eradicated smallpox and almost polio; they will eradicate all diseases.



So, it is a complicated thing. Vaccinations helped to overcome two infectious disease. A big amount of infectious diseases were already decreasing or getting harmless a long time before vaccinations. It's a lie that vaccines stopped all the infectious diseases.

Now today in Germany, you have 15 different vaccinations that are recommended. You can vaccinate against 15 different diseases. That is the recommendation. You don't have the obligation like you do in China or in the United States. You are not obliged, but it is a recommendation. They recommend you to vaccinate against 15 different diseases, and they start with babies at the 3rd month of age, almost newborn.

If you look at what sort of vaccinations are included, there are different categories of vaccines. There are no vaccines that are as dangerous as the smallpox vaccination, and this is important to know. But, they all are not 100% safe; they are 97- 99% not dangerous. The smallpox was really too dangerous.

(See Chart on next page)



Germany: Recommendation of 15 Different Vaccine's

Blessing - Children's diseases:

- a. Measles
- b. Scarlet Fever
- c. German Measles
- d. Blessing - Flu

Extremely Rare:

- a. Polio
- b. Diphtherias
- c. Tetanus
- d. Rota Virus-enteritis

Harmless (If healthy and not suffering of hunger):

- a. Haemophylus
- b. Whooping Cough
- c. Chicken Pox
- d. Pneumococcus
- e. Meningococcus (only one sort of m.)

Individual Problem:

- a. B-virus Hepatitis

Effects not enough known:

- a. Human Papilloma Virus

From these 15 vaccinations, I made a list of recommended vaccinations. You have two diseases that are extremely important. Because of your question, I will talk about the two most important ones. They are the children's diseases. The children's diseases against which is being vaccinated are measles, scarlet fever and German measles. These are the three children's diseases against which it is recommended to vaccinate.



For the adults, the recommended is the one against the flu. That is what I call the children's disease for the adults. This is what we are going to talk about: The vaccination against the children's diseases (measles, scarlet fever, German measles) and vaccination against the flu.

The other diseases which are recommended that you vaccinate against are either for diseases that are nonexistent, almost nonexistent in the first-world – in the rich countries – and these are polio, diphtheria, tetanus, and rotavirus enteritis (when you have diarrhea with rotavirus). They are extremely rare, and to tell you the truth, it is not rational to vaccinate against them when they are nearly non-existent.

If a polio epidemic occurs again, then you can do the oral polio vaccines the way they did it in the 1950's. But for years and years to try to eradicate the polio completely by giving a vaccination to all the people even where there *is* no polio, is not logical. Because the vaccination is not completely harmless, even if it is not so dangerous, but the possibility of getting polio is still *less* probable than getting harmed through the vaccine. This is the same with the other almost non-existent diseases.

Then you have the harmless diseases. If people are healthy and not hungry, then you have a whole bunch of harmless diseases against which you should vaccinate. The recommendations for vaccines for those harmless diseases are whooping cough, chicken pox, and haemophilus, which is a very strong flu. Haemophilus flu has all sorts of dangers if you are immune-depressed. But if you are not immune-depressed, you just get a very bad cold.



Here again the risk of getting harmed through the vaccine is higher than, first: getting the disease at all, and second: getting harmed through the disease.

Then you have pneumonia and meningitis vaccines. First of all, the meningitis vaccine is only for *one* sort of meningitis bacteria, and you have many, many other sorts of meningitis bacteria. Secondly, if you are healthy, and you are not malnourished, you will not get meningitis. And if you are correctly treated, you will overcome a pneumonia. Rightly treated means that fever should not be pushed down. Bacteria and virus cannot live or reproduce at 40 degrees C (104F) temperature. So, if you push it down with an antipyretic, they can live and reproduce, but this is another theme, which will be touched upon later.

So, there are all of these either almost non-existent or, if you are not extremely malnourished, harmless diseases. If you are healthy, I would not vaccinate against these.

Then there is the hepatitis B virus which is a very weak virus. When it is in the air, it dries, and it doesn't infect you anymore. This is why you have to have sexual contact with a person or kiss mouth to mouth or through the needle of an injection. But the needle of the injection has to be really fresh.

If the needle is in the air for half an hour, it is dried, and you cannot infect yourself anymore with it. So, it is not logical to vaccinate the whole population against it – especially children who are three months old who will never get such a close contact to get the hepatitis B virus.



The exception is if their mothers have hepatitis B, themselves. Then the babies get it through the milk. But this is a very individual and very rare situation. It has to be treated individually and not through vaccinating the entire population.

Then you have the human papilloma virus, and this is the first time that there is a vaccine against a pre-cancer, and it's not really proven whether it really helps. First of all, it's not proven if it really protects you from the cancer. Secondly, what else does it do, which is maybe not good? The uterus cancer is anyway not very common even when you have a papilloma virus. Breast cancer is much more common, but the cervical cancer (cancer of the cervix of the uterus) is not very common.

Fitts: I think there is not just a question of what the individual vaccines might do to you, particularly in the United States, but the problem is that the heavy schedule of many, many vaccines are loading the bodies up with toxicity.

In America, the toxicity of vaccines is a very serious problem because some children's bodies can't throw it off.

von Boch: There is a foreign protein which is in the vaccine, there are metals like aluminum, but the important thing is: There are vaccines against some diseases that are actually harmless if you are well nourished. There are vaccines against diseases that don't exist in this part of the world or against a disease which is an individual problem, not a problem for the entire population. With the HPV, it's not even known what are the effects of the vaccine in the long run.



So, to inject myself with a microbe that produces a disease, even when the microbe in the vaccine is weakened, I would not do it if I weren't in any big danger of getting the disease, and the disease is dangerous enough or is very difficult to overcome. But the flu?

Fitts: Let me tell you an interesting fact about my history. I worked as an investment advisor for ten years, and I started to work as an investment advisor because I had so many people coming to me and asking me about their investments.

The reason they were coming to me was because something had happened, which caused them to lose faith in the established system being trustworthy. In many, many cases, that something was a vaccine injury.

So, you had wealthy parents who were extraordinarily responsible and who loved their children and who had done everything in their power to make sure that their children had excellent healthcare and excellent upbringing. These were people who pay a lot of attention and are very responsible and have the resources to be responsible, and still their child was injured by a vaccine.

von Boch: Can you remember which vaccine it was?

Fitts: I would have to go back and look at my records, but there were many different families and many different fact patterns.



What would eventually happen is: After they had endured lie after lie after lie related to vaccination, they started to say, “If the healthcare system is managing this many lies, what in the world is going on in the financial systems?” They would make the leap.

Absolutely. So here is what I could never figure out: You have all of these fairly wealthy families who have the time and resources to get to the bottom of the lies of vaccination. Through them I saw the effort to suppress the information and the manipulation and the politics of the lies.

What I concluded is that there was some reason other than just corporate profits, which was much bigger and much more strategic that they wanted heavy schedules of vaccines. There was a serious strategic reason they were reengineering the bodies and immune systems of the human race. My question became: Why? What is the goal here?

von Boch: I am only going to talk about the ones that I can really tell you about.

I can really tell you what happens with the children’s diseases and the flu. When a child is born, it is born with 95% of the protein of its mother and a little of the father. Without the father, there is no child and that is clear. But the big quantity of the protein of the child is the protein of the mother. The embryo does not yet have its own built-up immune system to make its own protein. However, you see all adults have their own individual protein. Each one has another protein. This is the problem when you make a transfusion of blood. The body recognizes it is foreign, and it has to be destroyed.



Less if the transfused blood is the same group as your own, but anyway the body destroys it much quicker than the time taken until your own blood cells get old and die.

So the child is born with a big part of its mother's protein and slowly has to change it for its own protein. This is why we have the diseases, which are especially made from the 'good Gods' for the children. The baby has to first get rid of its mother's protein and, afterwards, make its own individual protein. How does it get rid of its mother's protein? The typical children's diseases have two symptoms: high fever and rash. Why high fever? How do you destroy something? You dissolve it. For that you need heat, and you need water. Like if you have a cube of sugar, and you want to dissolve it, you have to put it in coffee. If possible, you put it in hot coffee, and it dissolves the quickest. So, heat and water is what you need to dissolve something.

This is why we have the children's diseases. There is high warmth so that the foreign protein can be dissolved. You can see it in the urine. The rest of the destroyed proteins are excreted through the urine, and it is really dark, not transparent. In a second moment, comes the rash, which is the second act; throwing all the protein out, now also through the skin, not only through the urine.

Fitts: So, they are burning off their mother's protein.



von Boch: Yes. And ‘their meat falls off from them’, one says in German, and they get really skinny. What is meat? It is protein. Their protein is really falling off; better to say, their *mother’s* protein falls off them. This is why it is so important that children get children’s disease, so that they get rid of their mother’s protein.

The first point is that you have to know that children don’t die of fever. Nobody dies of fever, not even old people. The old people have problems with the fever because the heart beats quicker and gets tired when they have a high fever. The old people have problems. But the children have a healthy heart, and they are fresh and they can support the fever with no problem. You have to know that they don’t die of fever.

Fitts: The only ones who die of fevers are the mothers who ‘get scared to death’. I used to do a lot of babysitting when I was a teenager, and if a child got a fever and it spiked, it scares you to death.

von Boch: In the Middle Ages when there was high fever, and they died, they didn’t die of the high fever; they died of the underlying disease. The fever was trying to heal the disease. The people of the *Middle Ages* did not die *of* fever; they died *in spite of* the fever. But the panic of fever still exists today from those old times.



It's highly indispensable to have a fever to be able to overcome a disease. The therapy of fever, also in old people, is not to bring it down, but to support the heart. Fever itself stops the growth of bacteria, virus and alarms your whole immune system.

With the children's diseases, it is extremely important that these diseases exist. Even the mothers used to say, "Before the disease, my child had no patience, and he was not happy and he was unsatisfied." In German, they used to say, "He's not well in his skin." He would get the children's disease; they would put him to bed; he had to sleep or doze, and there was no playing or television or the computer so that all the forces would not go to the outer world but to the inside, so that he has all the forces which he can to overcome the disease. They would close the curtains so that no light came in for three days. After the disease, he was again his natural, normal self and happy again because his inner, invisible, individual, and unique being had grown out of this mother's protein. This is why he was unsatisfied before the children's disease. It's like when you walk in a shoe which is too small; it hurts; it's very uncomfortable. He had to burn it out and get it out. Once it is out, he starts eating like a giant. He has now to build up his own new protein. It is incredibly important that the child has another protein other than his mother's.

If you don't have the children's diseases, it's much, much more difficult to change your protein.



Fitts: You're saying that if you don't have the chance to have these high fever diseases as a child, you are not as healthy, and you are not as strong.

von Boch: Exactly. You have foreign proteins in yourself. If you don't have the children's diseases, at least one should have other high fevers – with colds and bronchitis. You shouldn't stop the fever. Even if you don't get to the rash, at least you can destroy much of the protein. But as soon as a small fever of 38.5 Degrees comes, everybody gets an analgetic or an antipyretic. Fever of 39.5-40 Degrees C (103-104 F) is not allowed to be.

It's the same with the flu.

Fitts: What about the flu?

von Boch: You make your own protein when you are a child. You make it also when you are in puberty, and when you are about 21 then you are ready. You have your individual unique proteins. So when you are 21, you have your own protein, but if everything goes well, then when you are 70, it has changed a little because between 20 and 70, you will have changed.

It is important every year or every two years, until every three years, that your protein gets a bit different to adapt to your inner development. For that you get the flu with high fever – 38.5 to 39.5 C (101-103F)



You don't get such a beautiful fever like the children up to 40C (104F), but the difference between your protein when you are 20 and when you are 70 is not so big like it is between the protein of a child and the protein of the child's mother; between 20 and 70 years old it's still your own protein. It is enough to have a fever of 38.5 or 39.5, but you need this; it is indispensable to make a little changed protein for yourself to feel well into your body – a protein which now fits much better to your inner self, which evolved.

If you don't, if you always take the vaccine for the flu and don't get any flu, the problem is that, to a certain extent, your protein stays at 70 like it was at 20. You mummify in your own body. It makes it difficult for you to mature. What is a mummy? It is made of conserved, not changeable protein. It does not decay either, but it does not modify anymore in any direction

Observe when you want to change yourself, you can't. You want to have more patience or be friendlier or whatever, and you can't. Then you get the flu, and afterwards everything suddenly functions. You *are* more patient or friendlier. Your old protein had stopped you from being yourself, and it held you back from being what you really want to be.

Fitts: Did the flu vaccines really prevent against the flu?

von Boch: No. It is the same problem as the meningococcal meningitis. The vaccine contains a couple of different flu viruses, but there are many many more different flu viruses.



If you get another flu virus which you haven't been vaccinated against, then you get the flu. It doesn't work very much, but the important thing is that it is indispensable for your personal evolution that you grow out of your own old protein and become more yourself, down to your protein. And for that you need the flu and the fever. But it is then very important that you go 3 days in bed and don't do anything except for sleep and dozing, so that all your strength can go inside to overcome the disease. Like in the children's disease. You should not put the fever down, no analgetic against headache because it also puts the fever down, but you have also to go to bed for 2-3 days and doze. This is also extremely important. It was known in the past how important it is to have your own protein. There is a fairy tale from Grimm's of the three field cutters. They were the surgeons of the time. They would go to the fields and heal the wounds. These 3 field cutters in the fairy tale were especially good, and they came to a simple hotel. The man who owned the hotel wanted to see what they can do.

So, the one cut his hand, the other took his heart out, and the third one took his eyes out. They said, "Tomorrow morning we are going to put it all in again, and you will see that it will function."

During the night, the cat picked up the 3 organs and ate them. The young girl who had left the door of the cupboard opened where the organs were kept, was afraid. Her boyfriend, who had come to visit her, said, "No problem. I have a solution. There is a robber who has been hanged. I will cut his hand. The cat who took the organs, I will take his eyes. There is a pig that has been killed. I will take his heart."



So, in the morning when the field cutters put these false organs back inside their bodies and said good-bye, the hotel chief was very impressed. They went, and already the one with the pig's heart went into the garbage and the earth with his nose. The other two tried to stop him, and he said, "I know that it's bad, but *I can't stop myself.*"

Then they came in the evening to another hotel, and somebody was counting his money. The one with the hand of the robber went and stole a little. The other two said, "Hey, what are you doing?"

He said, "I know it's bad, but *I can't stop myself.*"

Then when they were all lying in bed at night and sleeping, the one with the cat's eyes saw mice all around. He woke up the other ones and said, "Don't you see the mice all over the place?" and they didn't see anything, but they realized that they had been deceived. They went back to the old hotel the next morning, and the hotel chief gave them a lot of money, but they said at the end of the story that they would have preferred their own organs.

When you have a protein in your body that is foreign to it, either from your mother or an old protein from yourself, which does not match anymore with your inner self, then you cannot really unfold and complete your real mission on earth. If you ask me, "Why all these vaccinations?" I can tell you that these vaccinations against the children's diseases and the flu do not let you become yourself, and when you are yourself, you are not so easily manipulated; you are independent.



But if people get vaccinated, they are then not really feeling well like the children before the children's diseases and are doing things which they don't truly want to do. They are occupied with themselves and do not feel a clear orientation. They are much easier to manipulate.

This is the problem of the vaccination against children's diseases and the flu.

Why is it irrational to do the other vaccines that we spoke about before? Either because they are too seldom, or harmless if you do not put down the fever and go to bed, or because they are not very contagious (Hepatitis B) If you then consider that there is a certain danger of the vaccine itself, and compare it to the danger of getting the disease at all, or getting harmed through the disease if you behave correctly when you are sick, then the vaccination is more dangerous.

I have met and tried to help two patients after their vaccination. On the day or the day after the vaccination they had this disease or that disease – really bad ones. One had schizophrenia, and one had epileptic seizures. They are really bad diseases; before the vaccination they were healthy.

On the other hand, we are having the appearance of new diseases, for example the autoimmune diseases. They started in the 1970's. There is a significant increase in these diseases since then. The body does not recognize its own protein. It is probably *not* its own protein and the immune systems destroys, for instances, parts of its own liver or lungs.



This was a rarity 30 years ago but now, since the extensive vaccination, of almost the entire population, against more diseases, including children diseases there are always more young people turning up with these autoimmune diseases.

If you ask me what the biggest danger is, it is the estrangement of man from himself, when he is obliged to live in a body which does not fit with his own invisible higher self. And if the autoimmune diseases are really coming from the profuse vaccinations, the autoimmune diseases are definitely more dangerous than the actual “danger” against which we vaccinate.

Fitts: I would say it in another way: The system is not trustworthy. I don't trust the system. My feeling is that I don't want to put anything in my body unless I proactively have very good sound reasons to think that I am better off for taking it.

If I don't have that feeling, I am not taking the vaccine.

von Boch: We have to think. We are in a time of apocalypse. In the apocalypse it says in the Bible, the good is called bad, and the bad is called good. We have to judge for ourselves now. Are vaccinations really good? We can only judge with security with our thinking. This is what we did here: During this hour I have tried to give a logical basis to make the decision which is sure, which is based on the relationship between facts.



Fitts: This has been very useful and I appreciate it very much. I know that you had an article in *The Present Age*.

von Boch: It has not come out yet. It is an article on the dangers of vitamin D.

Daphné von Boch, M.D.: The Dangers of Vitamin D Treatment Link:
<https://www.perseus.ch/archive/8091>

Perseus Publishing

Link: <https://www.perseus.ch/fremdsprachiges/articles-in-english>

Fitts: We can link to that once it comes out.

von Boch: I will send it to you when it's ready.

Fitts: Before we close, do you have anything else you would like to share? Do you have a website or a way for people to keep up with you?

von Boch: I am on Facebook. I have somebody who is organizing it for me. He wants to organize a big event which is in Romania in March. He opened up Facebook for me. I give him all of my data, and he puts it in. (<https://www.facebook.com/Daphne.V.Boch/>)



Fitts: I'm going to make sure that when you come to the States, we publish something, but you will keep me posted so that I can link to it.

Thank you very much. This has been fascinating.

Ladies and gentlemen, this has been The Solari Report.

MODIFICATION

Transcripts are not always verbatim. Modifications are sometimes made to improve clarity, usefulness and readability, while staying true to the original intent.

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