# U.S. Taxation: With or Without Representation? ~ Who Will Take Actions and What Actions Can They Take? ~

I. Introduction and Purpose

II. Overview of U.S. Tax System

III. Who Is Liable?

IV. Who Can and Will Take Action?

V. U.S. Taxes: Illegalities and Waste

VI. Take Action: Options and Issues

VII. Next Steps

VIII. Conclusions

Endnotes

Appendix

### I. Introduction and Purpose

A. First, a Story

SIDEBAR: THE NEW YORK FED

- B. \$21 Trillion Missing and FASAB 56
- C. The Question of Sovereignty
- D. The Financial Coup d'État and the "Going Direct Reset"
- E. Taxes: What Can We Do?
- F. What's the Action?



### III. Who Is Liable?

A. The New York Federal Reserve Bank, Officers, and Members

B. Transnational Banks and their Officers and Board Members

C. Central Banks, Officers, and Members

D. Corporate Contractors, Officers, and Board Members

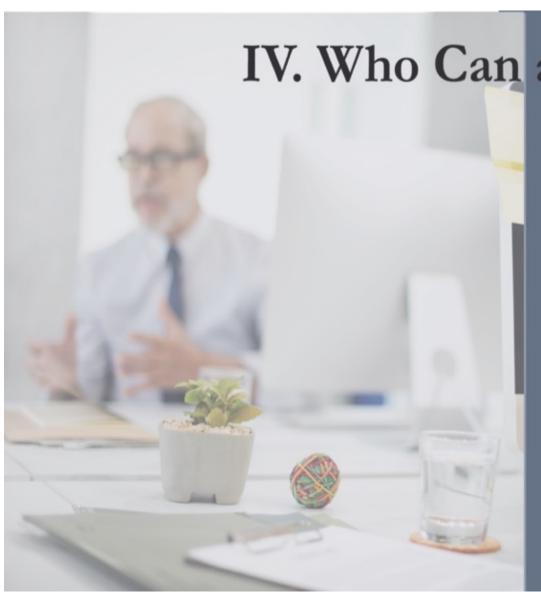
E. Asset Managers, Officers, and Board Members

F. Corporate ("Old") Media

G. Members of the Oligarchy

H. Government, Military, and Intelligence

I. Global Institutions



#### IV. Who Can and Will Take Action?

A. Individuals and Taxpayers

B. Attorneys, CPAs, and Tax Return Preparers

C. State and Local Officials, District Attorneys, and Attorneys General

D. Pension Funds

E. Other U.S. Treasury Investors

F. Judges and Magistrates

G. Community and Credit Union Bankers

H. Accountability Groups

## V. U.S. Taxes: Illegalities and Waste

A. Failure to Obey Federal Financial Management Laws

Miscellaneous Receipts Act (1849)
Federal Reserve Act of 1913
Gold Reserve Act of 1934
Accounting and Auditing Act of 1950
Budget and Accounting Procedures Act of 1950
Federal Managers Financial Integrity Act of 1982
Government Securities Act of 1986
Chief Financial Officers Act of 1990
Federal Credit Reform Act of 1990
Government Performance and Results Act of 1993
Government Management Reform Act of 1994
Federal Financial Management Improvement Act of 1996
Antideficiency Act (1997)
Federal Funding Accountability and Transparency Act of 2006
GPRA Modernization Act of 2010

Digital Accountability and Transparency Act of 2014

#### B. Illegal Use of Tax Money

Illegality #1: Adopting Unconstitutional Policies Related to Expenditure of Funds and Financial Management and Disclosures (Use of Taxation Proceeds)	Illegality #9: Pension Fund Fraudulent Inducement and Violation of Fiduciary Duty
Illegality #2: Unconstitutional Secrecy	Illegality #10: Surveillance Capitalism
Illegality #3: DOJ Policy of Granting Legal Immunity	Illegality #11: Public Official Dereliction of Duty
Illegality #4: Organized Crime	Illegality #12: Reckless or Malicious Failure to Maintain Infrastructure
Illegality #5: Using Government Enforcement Systems and Prosecutors to Pursue Whistleblowers and Other Miscreants	Illegality #13: Investing Government Funds with Large Campaign Contributors
Illegality #6: Use of Federal Accounts for Money Laundering	Illegality #14: Poisoning
Illegality #7: Use of "National Security" Exemption and other "Artifices and Devices" to Avoid Disclosure under FOIA	Illegality #15: Dangerous Exposure to EMF Radiation and Weaponry
Illegality #8: Illegal (Including Free) Transfer of Intellectual Capital and	Illegality #16: Illegal Experimentation on Humans without Informed Consent



### VI. Take Action: Options and Issues

### A. "Coming Clean"

- 1. Individuals
- 2. Liable Parties
- 3. State and Local Governments
- 4. Investors
- 5. Accountants and Attorneys

B. Actions Related to Taxes

1. Claims Based on Common Law Right of Offset

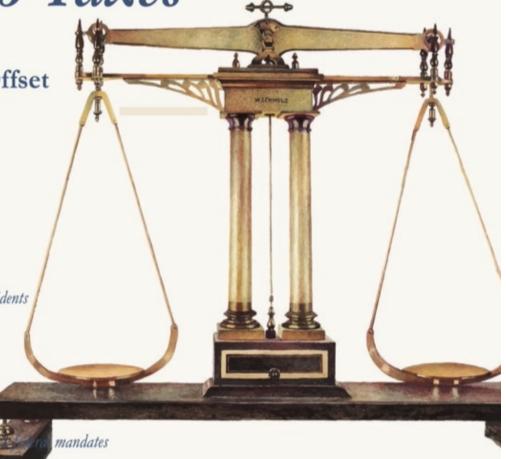
One-off claims in response to individual situations

Common law right of offset asserted by a group

Common law right of offset asserted by attorneys general on behalf of state residents

Use of escrows

Seizure by states of federal lands and other federal property and refusal to enforce



### 2. Private Actions in Court

Racketeer Influenced Corrupt Organizations (RICO) actions under 18 U.S.C.A. § 1961

Fraud actions under Rule 10b-5

Fraud actions modeled upon Rule 10b-5: Causes of action for failure to disclose or fraudulent disclosure

Fraudulent inducement

Breach of contract and breach of fiduciary duty actions

Eminent domain: Public taking

Tortious interference with business

Class actions



### 3. Other Legal or Political Actions

Use of civil procedure discovery rules to obtain documents

Use of Freedom of Information Act to obtain information and documents

Boycotts

New media prison

Shunning

Challenge to government subcontracting of essential government functions

Resistance to vaccine passports and CBDCs

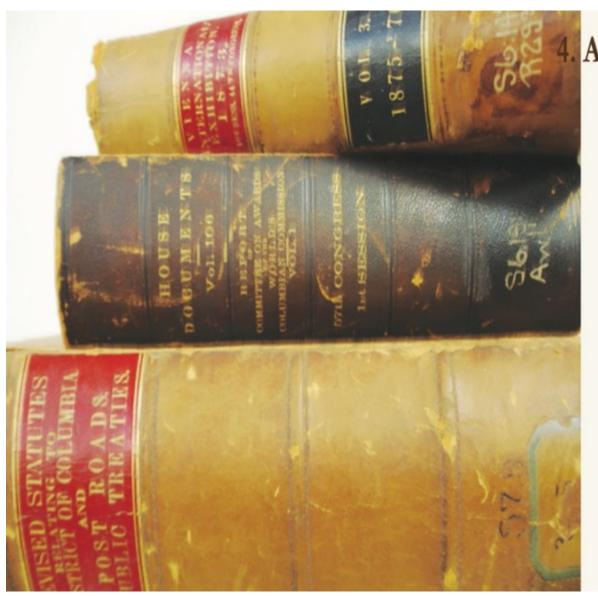
Passive resistance to improper or illegal government mandates

Breach of trust

State Secretaries of State actions

Limits on contracting opportunities for businesses that violate laws or default on contracts

Governmental and pension fund limits on investment



#### Actions Related to Criminal Violations

Prosecutions related to murder and genocide

Prosecutions related to extortion and blackmail

Prosecutions related to bribery

Prosecutions related to theft

Prosecutions related to slush funds

Prosecutions of legislators for "contributions for votes"

5. Structural Changes

The Treasury can issue money directly

Returning prisons to government control

Elimination of private armies





